TFA Test

1. In which country is the novel set?
   1. Nigeria
   2. Cameroon
   3. Ghana
   4. Liberia
   5. Guinea
2. What is *chi?*
   1. The god of yams
   2. A person’s personal spirit
   3. The supreme god
   4. A dancer in an Ibo ceremony
   5. None of the above
3. Whom did Okonkwo beat in the legendary wrestling match?
   1. Ekwefi the Rooster
   2. Ogbuedi the Snake
   3. Amalinze the Cat
   4. The sacred python
4. What happened to start the conflict between Okonkwo’s village in Umuofia and the village of Mbaino at the beginning of the book?
   1. Mbaino allowed white missionaries
   2. People from Mbaino kidnapped children from Umofia
   3. Mbaino’s market drew people away from the market at Muuofia
   4. A girl from Umuofia was murdered in Mbaino
   5. Mbaino insulted the elders of Umuofia
5. What traits does Okonkwo despise in his father, Unoka?
   1. Piety and righteousness
   2. Generosity and gluttony
   3. Brutality and cruelty
   4. Stupidity and ignorance
   5. Weakness and laziness
6. What does the Ibo proverb, “when a man says yes, his chi says yes also” mean?
   1. A wife will obey a strong man
   2. The gods control a man’s will and fate
   3. Some men are destined for greatness
   4. A man with a strong will makes his own fortune
   5. A man who obeys the gods will prosper
7. Which important village celebration does Okonkwo violate by beating his wife?
   1. The harvest season
   2. The funeral of ezeudu
   3. The Week of Peace
   4. The marriage of Akueke, Obierika’s daughter
   5. The sacrifice of Ikemefuna
8. Why does Okonkwo kill Ikemefuna?
   1. He believed the boy was an evil spirit
   2. He was afraid to be considered weak
   3. The oracle decreed he should kill him
   4. He resented the boy’s influence on Nwoye
   5. Ikemefuna stole food
9. What makes Ezinma so special to her mother, Ekwefi?
   1. She is Ekwefi’s only surviving child
   2. She is marked by the goddess
   3. She is Ekwefi’s firstborn child
   4. She is beautiful, obedient, and popular in the village
   5. She has the power to stop evil spirits
10. What happens at Ezeudu’s funeral that causes Okonkwo to have to leave the clan?
    1. Okonkwo assaults an egwugwu
    2. Okonkwo kills one of Ezeudu’s sons
    3. Okonkwo beats his children in public
    4. Okonkwokills a girl from a rival village
    5. Okonkwoinsults a village elder
11. Whom does Okonkwo blame for his exile to Mbanta?
    1. His father
    2. The missionaries
    3. His chi
    4. His wives
    5. The weak men of Umuofia
12. Who are the first to convert to Christianity when white missionaries set up a church in Umuofia?
    1. The men without titles
    2. The women who are scared of giving birth to twins
    3. Nwoye
    4. The slaves
    5. The village elders
13. Which member of Okonkwo’s family first converts to Christianity?
    1. Nwoye
    2. His wife, Ekwefi
    3. His father Unoka
    4. His daughter, Ezinma
    5. Obierika
14. What foods symbolize hospitality and respect in Ibo culture?
    1. Foo-foo and soup
    2. Goat stew and yams
    3. Kola nuts and palm-wine
    4. Bread and salt
    5. Fish and pepper
15. What is the name of the Chrisian missionary who establishes a church in Mbanta?
    1. Mr. Brown
    2. Reverend Smith
    3. Reverend Okoli
    4. Mr. Kiaga
    5. Father Benson
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17. According to the village elders of Mbanta, what weakness of the younger generation has allowed Christianity to take hold in the village?
    1. They have forgotten the importance of kinship and unity
    2. They have lost faith in their gods
    3. They have turned their backs on their children
    4. They are too lazy to fight
    5. They are poor farmers
18. Which of the following best describes Reverend Smith?
    1. He sympathizes with the villagers
    2. He resents being sent to Africa
    3. He talks loudly but is really a coward
    4. He sees everything in black and white, and black is evil
    5. He is a man of strong faith and a commitment to service
19. What does Enoch, a Christian convert, do to raise the wrath of Umuofia?
    1. Kills his father, the snake priest
    2. Unmasks an egwugwu
    3. Desecrates a hut in the village
    4. Declares that all the village gods are dead and impotent
    5. Declares a holy war on the villagers
20. What do the hostile actions of Enoch exemplify?
    1. How Enoch’s devotion to Christianity reflects his lust for power
    2. How Christianity has corrupted Enoch
    3. How the converts have tried to combine Christian and tribal beliefs
    4. How the religion can be used for good
    5. How Enoch shows his devotion to his new god
21. For what action does the District Commissioner arrest the leaders of Umuofia?
    1. They kill Enoch
    2. They burn the court house
    3. They plot to overthrow the white man’s government
    4. They taunt and insult the Commissioner
    5. They burn down the Christian church
22. How does Okonkwo die?
    1. Starves in prison
    2. Hangs himself
    3. Stabbed by the messenger
    4. Poisoned by his wives
    5. Killed in battle
23. What does it mean that the District Commissioner decides that Okonkwo will get a paragraph in his book?
    1. Disregard for the culture that Okonkwo represents
    2. Great admiration and respect for Okonkwo
    3. Attempt to minimize the importance of Okonkwo’s death
    4. Desire to educate other Westerners about Ibo culture
    5. Lack of understanding of Ibo culture
24. Which of the following best explains why things fall apart in Umuofia?
    1. The villagers doubt their customs and way of life
    2. The colonialists possess more firepower
    3. The villagers do not remain unified, and many begin to join ranks with the colonialists
    4. The villagers do not take seriously the threat represented by the colonialists
    5. The villages fight amongst themselves, leaving them open to outside invasion
25. Describe Chinua Achebe’s attitude toward his protagonist, Okonkwo.
    1. Indifferent
    2. Judgmental
    3. Romanticized
    4. Ironic
    5. Sympathetic